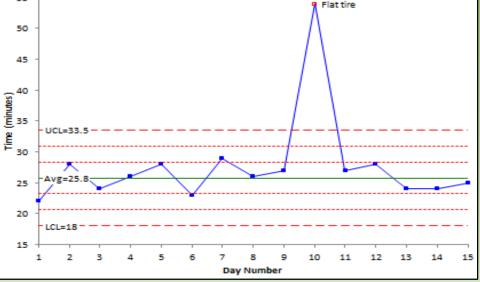
# INRODUCION TO CONTROL CHARIS

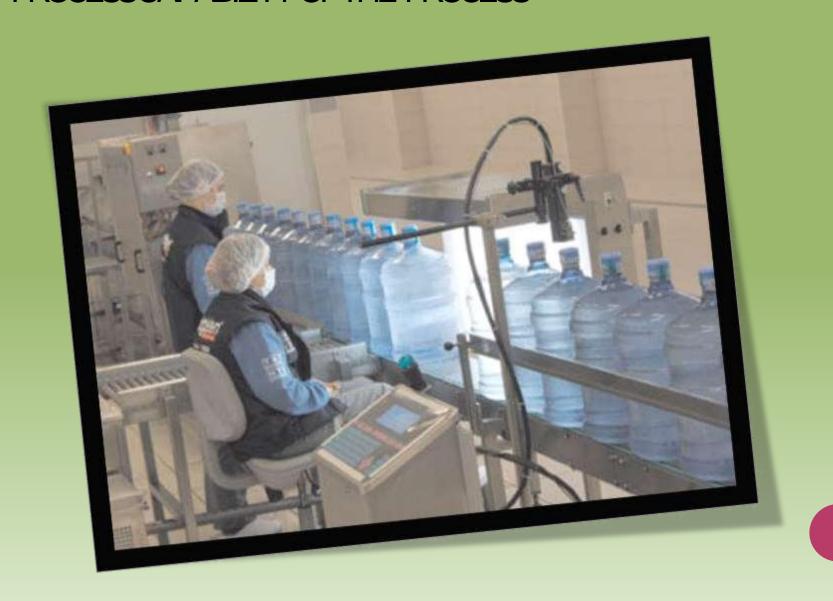
# WHATARECONIROLOHARIS?

• A control chart is used to monitor a process variable over time. That variable can be in any type of company or organization - service, manufacturing, non-profit and, ves,

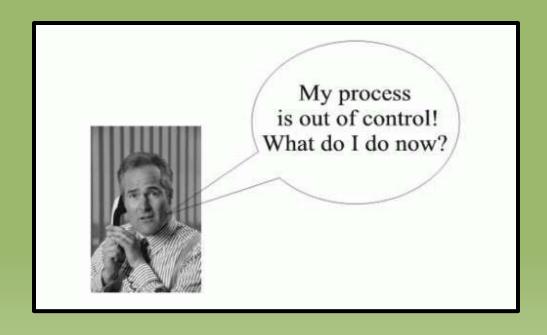
healthc



# INSPECTION BEING DONE IN INDUSTRIES TO FIND THE PROCESS CAPABILITY OF THE PROCESS



#### WHAT DOCONTROLOHARTS TELLUS????

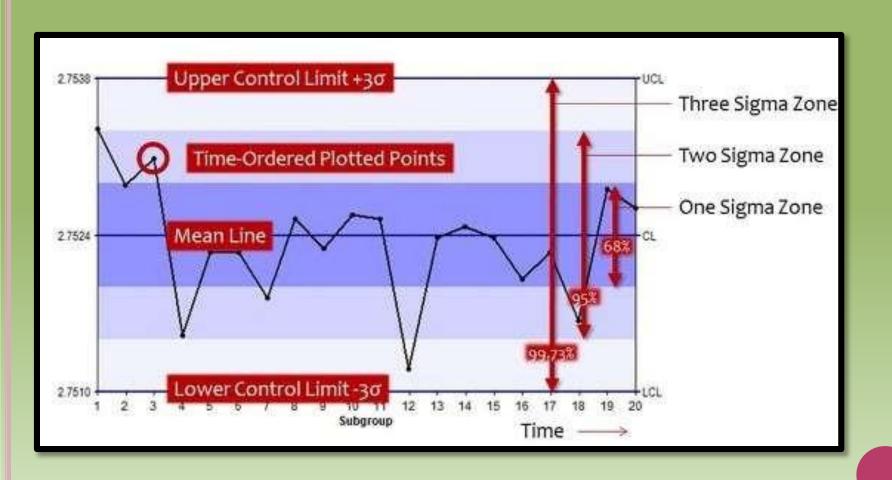


 When our control charts show us that there is an out-ofcontrol situation, it is the responsibility of those people dosest to the process to find the causefor the out-ofcontrol situation and eliminate the causefrom the process. This prevents the causefrom occurring again.

# WHYLECONIROLOHRIS?

- Monitor process variation over time
- Differentiate between special cause and common cause variation
- Assess effectiveness of changes
- Communicate process performance

### CONTROLO-HARTCONTAINS:-



### BASCCOMPONENTSCFCONTROLOHARTS-

- Acenterline, usually the mathematical average of all the samples plotted.
- Lower and upper control limit defining the constraints of common cause variations.
- Performance data plotted over time.

$$UCL_{\bar{x}} = \overline{\overline{X}} + A_{\bar{z}}\overline{R}$$

$$LCL_{\bar{x}} = \overline{\overline{X}} - A_{\bar{z}}\overline{R}$$

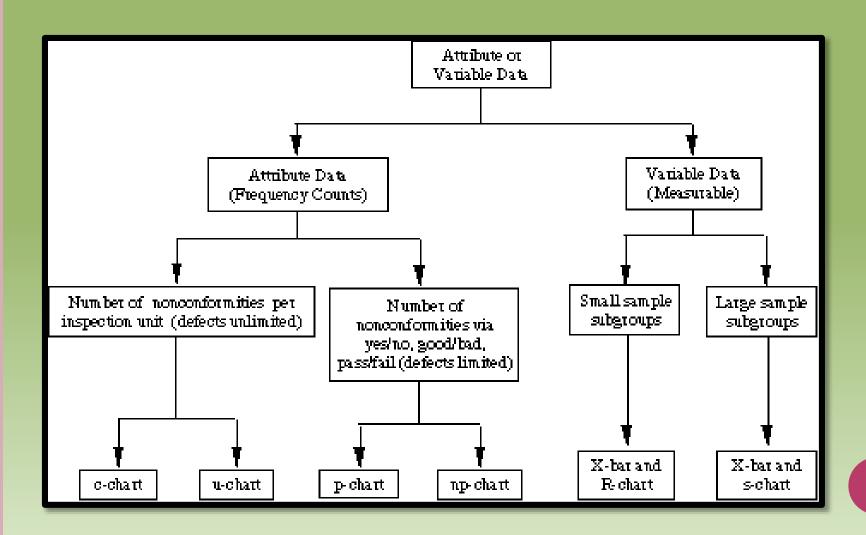
$$UCL_{\bar{x}} = D_{\bar{x}}\overline{R}$$

$$LCL_{\bar{x}} = D_{\bar{x}}\overline{R}$$

#### CONSTRUCTINGA CONTROLOHART:-

- Select the process you would like to chart
- Determine your process sampling plan
- Collect data from your process
- Calculate the control chart specific statistics
- Calculate your control limits
- Construct your control chart

# TYPESCHCONIRCLO-HRTS?



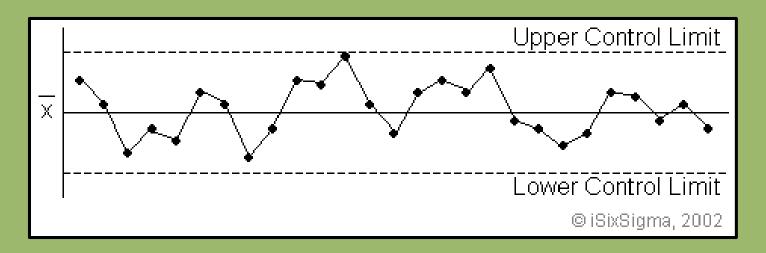
#### Variables Data:

This category of Control Chart displays values resulting from the measurement of acontinuous variable. Examples of variables data are elapsed time, temperature, and radiation dose.

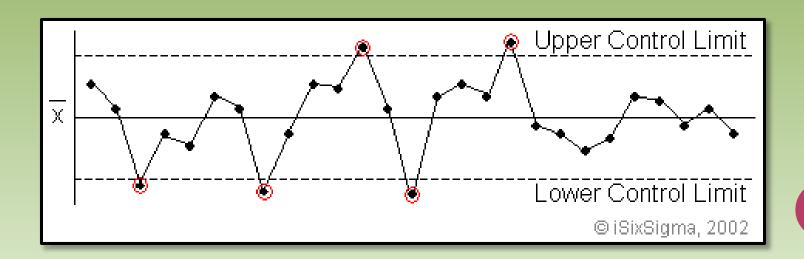
#### Attribute Data:

This category of Control Chart displays data that result from counting the number of occurrences or items in a single category of similar items or occurrences. These "count" data may be expressed aspass/fail, yes/no, or presence/absence of adefect.

#### In Control Process Control Chart

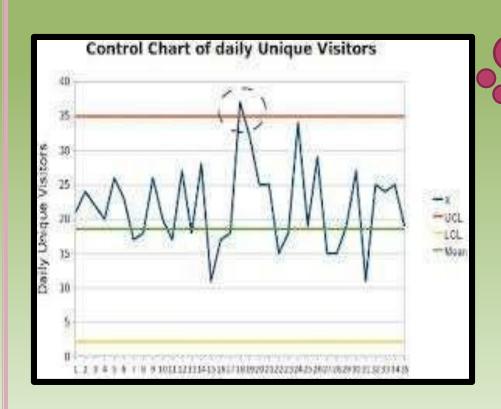


#### Out Of Control Process Control Chart



#### OutOfControl ProcessChart-

Find the cause for out of control process and eliminate cause from process.



#### TYPESOFCALSESFORVARIATIONS:-

#### CommonCases

- Measurement error.
- Vibration in industrial processes.
- Ambient temperature and humidity.
- Insufficient training.
- Normal wear and tear.
- Variability in settings.
- Computer response time

## Special Cases

- Operator absent.
- Poor adjustment of equipment.
- Operator falls asleep.
- Faulty controllers.
- Machine malfunction.
- Computer crashes.
- Poor batch of raw material.

# THANKYOU